A Universe in Heidelberg



The Team

• Experiment



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Big picture

• Quantum fields in expanding universe^{Birrel et al.} '82, Mukhanov et al. '07





Theory

Experiment

• Mapping BEC \leftrightarrow Universe

• Phonon propagation

• Cosmological particle production

• Density fluctuations

Two-dimensional BEC

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations



• Effective action of Bose-Einstein condensate (BEC) Gross '61, Pitaevskii '61

$$\Gamma[\Phi] = \int dt \, d^2 r \left\{ \hbar \Phi^* \left[i \frac{\partial}{\partial t} - V(t, r) \right] \Phi - \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \left(\vec{\nabla} \Phi^* \right) \left(\vec{\nabla} \Phi \right) - \frac{\lambda(t)}{2} (\Phi^* \Phi)^2 \right\}$$

Dynamics of Phonons

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations

• Split into background and fluctuations

 $\Phi(t,\vec{r}) \rightarrow \phi_0(t,\vec{r}) + \frac{1}{2} [\phi_1(t,\vec{r}) + i\phi_2(t,\vec{r})]$

• Effective action of phonons ($\phi = \phi_2/\sqrt{2m}$)

$$\Gamma[\phi] = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2} \int dt \, d^2 r \sqrt{g} \, g^{\mu\nu} \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{\mu}} \, \phi \, \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{\nu}} \, \phi$$

in acoustic approx. $\omega(k) = c k$ and for $\vec{v}_0 = \text{const.}$

 $\left(\rightarrow \text{Phonons} \leftrightarrow \begin{array}{c} \text{Relativistic, free, massless, scalar} \\ \hline \text{field in curved spacetime} \end{array} \right)$

Acoustic metric vs. FLRW metrics

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- Spacetime geometry determined by
 - acoustic metric

$$g_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{c^2} \begin{pmatrix} -(c^2 - v_0^2) & -\vec{v}_0 \\ -\vec{v}_0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- speed of sound $c^2(t, \vec{r}) = \frac{\lambda(t) n_0(t, \vec{r})}{m} \leftarrow \text{time- and space-dependent!}$
- Friedmann-Lemaître-Robertson-Walker (FLRW) metrics^{Weinberg '08}

$$ds^{2} = g_{\mu\nu}dx^{\mu}dx^{\nu} = -c^{2}dt^{2} + a^{2}(t)\left(\frac{du^{2}}{1-\kappa u^{2}} + u^{2}d\Omega^{2}\right)$$



Engineering expansion

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations

- For scale factor $a(t)^{\text{Jain et al. '07}}$
 - Just define

 $a^{2}(t) = \frac{m}{\bar{n}_{0}} \frac{1}{\lambda(t)} \propto \frac{1}{\bar{c}^{2}(t)}$

and note the equivalence
 expanding space ↔

decreasing causal speed





$$\rightarrow$$
 Coupling $\lambda(t) \leftrightarrow$ Scale factor $a(t)$

Engineering curvature - I

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations

• For flat universe $\kappa = 0$



Engineering curvature - II

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations

• For hyperbolic universe $\kappa < 0$



Engineering curvature - III

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations

• For spherical universe $\kappa > 0$



Imprinting phononic waves

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations

• Perturb condensate with a laser



Configurability of spatial curvature

 $\mathsf{Mapping}\;\mathsf{BEC} \leftrightarrow \mathsf{Universe}\;|\;\mathsf{Phonon\;propagation}\;|\;\mathsf{Cosmological\;particle\;production}\;|\;\mathsf{Density\;fluctuations}\;$

• Hyperbolic geometry ($\kappa < 0$)



• Spherical geometry ($\kappa > 0$)



Phonon trajectories

 $\mathsf{Mapping}\;\mathsf{BEC} \leftrightarrow \mathsf{Universe}\;|\; \mathbf{Phonon}\; \mathbf{propagation}\;|\; \mathsf{Cosmological}\; \mathsf{particle}\; \mathsf{production}\;|\; \mathsf{Density}\; \mathsf{fluctuations}\;$

• Hyperbolic geometry ($\kappa < 0$)





Expansion and quanta

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations



• Initial vacuum $|\Omega\rangle$ is not empty anymore $\hat{b}_{km}|\Omega\rangle \neq 0 \rightarrow \text{Particle production}$

Correlation functions and spectra

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations

• Rescaled density contrast

$$\delta_c(t, u, \varphi) = \sqrt{\frac{n_0(u)}{\bar{n}_0^3}} \left[n(t, u, \varphi) - n_0(u) \right]$$

• Correlations between two points after expansion $t \ge \Delta t$

$$u', \varphi' \xrightarrow{u, \varphi} \langle \delta_c(t, u, \varphi) \delta_c(t, u', \varphi') \rangle = \text{const.} \times \langle \dot{\phi} \dot{\phi} \rangle (t, L)$$
$$= \text{const.} \times \int_k \mathcal{F}(k, L) \sqrt{-h(k)} S_k(t) \tilde{f}_G(k)$$

with spectrum of fluctuations

$$S_{k}(t) = \frac{1}{2} + N_{k} + \Delta N_{k}(t) = \frac{1}{2} + |\beta_{k}|^{2} + |\alpha_{k}\beta_{k}|\cos(2\omega_{k}t + \Theta_{k})$$

$$\bigwedge$$
Bogoliubov coefficients: $\hat{b}_{km} = \alpha_{k}^{*}\hat{a}_{km} - \beta_{k}^{*}(-1)^{m}\hat{a}_{k,-m}^{\dagger}$

Expansion scenarios

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations

• Family of power-law expansions

 $a(t) = \text{const.} \times |t - t_0|^{\gamma}$

• Fix initial/final sizes a_i, a_f and expansion duration $\Delta t \rightarrow$ Three expansion classes



Extracting correlation functions

 $Mapping BEC \leftrightarrow Universe \mid Phonon \ propagation \mid Cosmological \ particle \ production \mid Density \ fluctuations$

• Examples for $\gamma = 0.5$ (decelerating) and $\kappa < 0$ (harmonic trap) at $t = \Delta t = 1.5$ ms



→ Clear signal and flat approximation works quite well in the center

Spectra: Amplitudes

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations

• For $\kappa < 0$ (harmonic trap)



- Experiment
- Theory

- → Dependence on initial state
- → Hard to distinguish between expansion scenarios

Spectra: Phases

Mapping BEC \leftrightarrow Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations

• For $\kappa < 0$ (harmonic trap)



Summary

Theory

- Mapping BEC \leftrightarrow Universe
 - Phonons \leftrightarrow Relativistic scalar field Density profile $n_0(r) \leftrightarrow$ Spatial curvature κ Coupling $\lambda(t) \leftrightarrow$ Scale factor a(t)
- Cosmological particle production

before expansion
$$a(t)$$
 after
 $\hat{a}_{km}|\Omega\rangle = 0 \xrightarrow[\alpha_k,\beta_k]{} \hat{b}_{km}|\Psi\rangle = 0$
 $S_k(t) = \frac{1}{2} + |\beta_k|^2 + |\alpha_k\beta_k|\cos(2\omega_k t + \Theta_k)$

Experiment

• Phonon propagation



• Density fluctuations



Thank you for your attention :)



A simple analogy

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations | Backup

• Sound waves in a fluid^{Novello et al. '02}, which is described by



• Continuity equation
$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \vec{\nabla}(\rho \vec{v}) = 0$$
,

• Euler equation
$$\rho \left(\frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{v} \right) = -\nabla p$$

- Sound waves: Fluctuations on background $\rho \rightarrow \rho_0 + \rho_1, p \rightarrow p_0 + p_1, \phi \rightarrow \phi_0 + \phi_1$
- E.o.m. of sound waves $\frac{1}{\sqrt{g}} \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{\mu}} \left(\sqrt{g} g^{\mu\nu} \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{\nu}} \phi_1 \right) = 0$

acoustic metric
$$g_{\mu\nu} \propto \begin{pmatrix} -(c^2 - v_0^2) & -\vec{v}_0 \\ -\vec{v}_0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
, speed of sound $c^2 = \frac{\partial p}{\partial \rho}$

→ Sound waves in a fluid ↔ Scalar field in curved spacetime

Keeping background density static

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• Changing the coupling $\lambda(t)$ is accompanied by

$$\omega^2(t) = \frac{2\bar{n}_0}{mR^2} \,\lambda(t), \qquad \mu_0(t) = \bar{n}_0 \,\lambda(t)$$



More details on the mapping

Mapping BEC ↔ Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations | Backup

• Acoustic line element for appropriate density profiles $n_0(r)$

$$ds^{2} = -dt^{2} + \frac{m}{\bar{n}_{0}} \frac{1}{\lambda(t)} \left(1 \mp \frac{r^{2}}{R^{2}}\right)^{-2} (dr^{2} + r^{2}d\varphi^{2})$$

• Define

$$a^{2}(t) = \frac{m}{\bar{n}_{0}} \frac{1}{\lambda(t)}, \quad u(r) = \frac{r}{1 \mp \frac{r^{2}}{R^{2}}} \rightarrow \frac{dr^{2}}{\left(1 \mp \frac{r^{2}}{R^{2}}\right)^{2}} = \frac{du^{2}}{1 \pm 4\frac{u^{2}}{R^{2}}}$$

• Arrive at FLRW metric

$$ds^{2} = -dt^{2} + a^{2}(t) \left(\frac{du^{2}}{1 - \kappa u^{2}} + u^{2} d\varphi^{2} \right)$$

with $\kappa = \pm 4/R^2$

Quantization of phonon field

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• E.o.m. of phonon field ϕ with FLRW metric $g_{\mu\nu}$

$$\ddot{\phi} + 2\frac{\dot{a}(t)}{a(t)}\dot{\phi} - \frac{1}{a^2(t)}\Delta\phi = 0$$

- Promote phonon field ϕ to a quantum operator $\hat{\phi}$

$$\hat{\phi}(t, u, \varphi) = \int_{k,m} [\hat{a}_{km} \mathcal{H}_{km}(u, \varphi) v_k(t) + \hat{a}_{km}^{\dagger} \mathcal{H}_{km}^{*}(u, \varphi) v_k^{*}(t)]$$
Annihilation op.
$$\Delta \mathcal{H}_{km}(u, \varphi) = h(k) \mathcal{H}_{km}(u, \varphi)$$
Mode functions

• Obtain mode equation

$$\ddot{v}_k(t) + 2\frac{\dot{a}(t)}{a(t)}\dot{v}_k(t) - \frac{h(k)}{a^2(t)}v_k(t) = 0$$

Propagation of correlations

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• Again $\gamma = 0.5$ (decelerating) and $\kappa < 0$ (harmonic trap), but now $t = \Delta t + t_h$





Extracting spectra

Mapping BEC \leftrightarrow Universe | Phonon propagation | Cosmological particle production | Density fluctuations | Backup

• Time evolution of k-modes for all three classes and $\kappa < 0$ (harmonic trap)



• Fit to $S_k(t) = \frac{1}{2} + |\beta_k|^2 + |\alpha_k \beta_k| \cos(2\omega_k t + \Theta_k)$

 \rightarrow Extract amplitude $A_k = |\alpha_k \beta_k|$ and phase Θ_k of k-modes

Outlook

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- Simulate other cosmologies
 - Vary spatial curvature κ in time
 - Expansions with accelerating ($\gamma > 1$) and decelerating ($\gamma < 1$) epochs
 - Horizons
- Certify quantum nature of produced particles
 - Particles are produced in pairs with opposite momenta



→ Detect entanglement

Experimental values

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- Atom species
- Atom number
- Trapping frequency in *z*-direction
- Trapping frequency in *r*-direction
- Thomas-Fermi radius
- Scattering length
- Imaging resolution

³⁹K ≈ 23000 $\omega_z = 2\pi \times 1.6 \text{ kHz}$ $\omega_r = 2\pi \times (7 - 23)$ Hz $R_{TF} = (25, 30) \, \mu \text{m}$ $a_{\rm s} = (50 - 400) a_{\rm B}$ $1 \, \mu m$